Chapter 2 - Forced labour

Key points

- Employees’ access to their personal documents and belongings.
- Freedom of movement.
- Recruitment practices.

According to the report Global estimates of modern slavery published by Alliance 8.7 an estimated 16 million people were in forced labour in the private economy in 2016.

Forced Labour

The ILO defines **forced labour** as work or service exacted from a person under threat or penalty, which includes penal sanctions and the loss of rights and privileges, where the person has not offered him/herself voluntarily (ILO 2001a).

ILO Conventions

- Forced Labour Convention, 1930 (No. 29)
- Forced Labour (Indirect Compulsion) Recommendation 1930 (No. 35)
- Abolition of Forced Labour Convention, 1957 (No. 105)
- Protocol of 2014 to the Forced Labour Convention, 1930
- Forced Labour (Supplementary Measures) Recommendation, 2014 (No. 203).

Information on Forced Labour

- Global Report under the Follow-up to the ILO Declaration on Fundamental Principles and rights at Work 2005
- Forced Labour and Trafficking in Persons
- It’s time to ratify the ILO’s Forced Labour Protocol
- Global Estimates of Modern Slavery
- Forced labour by The Consumer Good Forum

WHAT IS FORCED LABOUR?

Check the ILO video online that gives an illustrative example of forced labour: [http://libguides.ilo.org/forced-labour-en](http://libguides.ilo.org/forced-labour-en)

Related Topic

- Modern Slavery

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